

The Sincere MILK of the Word,  
FOR THE

# Children

Of Barmuda.

IN

A Short and Plain

## CATECHISM.

By Mr. Sampson Bond, late Minister  
on that Island.

Psal. XXXIV. 11.

Come ye Children, Hearken unto me,  
I will teach you the Fear of the Lord.

Que. **W**hat is GOD?

Answ. GOD is a Spi  
having his Being of Himself.

Q. What are the Properties of Go.  
being?

A

## A Short and Plain

- 2  
 Isa. 6. 3. *A.* Infinite, Holiness, Power, Wis-  
 Rom. 16. dom and Goodness.  
 27. Psal. *Q.* How many Gods be there?  
 145. 3 *A.* There is but One true God, in  
 Math. 19 three Persons: the Father, Son and  
 17. Holy Ghost.  
 Deut 6 4 *Q.* How bad man and all other Crea-  
 1 Cor. 8 tures their Being?  
 4 6. *A.* By the power of God they were  
 Mat. 28. all created and made.  
 19  
 1 John *Q.* How are they all preserved & kept?  
 5. 7. *A.* By the Providence of God in  
 Gen. 1. 1 whom all live, move & have their Being.  
 Colo 1. 1 *Q.* Wherein doth man's true Blessedness  
 16 John consist?  
 1. 3. *A.* Not in worldly pleasures, profit  
 Psal 36. 6 or honours; but in Serving and En-  
 Mat. 10 joying this God for Ever.  
 29. 30  
 Acts 17. *Q.* Who was the first man God made  
 25, 28. *A.* Adam was first formed by God  
 Psal. 4. 6 of the Dust of the Ground.  
 Psal. 73. *Q.* In what Estate did God create man?  
 25. John *A.* God created man in his own  
 17. 21, Image.  
 22. *Q.* Wherein doth the Image of God  
 Gen 2. 7 consist?  
 Gen 1. *A.* In Knowledge, Righteousness  
 1 true Holiness.  
*Q.* Did man continue in that Estate?  
*A.* No, he fell from that Estate by  
 trans

MCATECHISM.

transgressing Gods Law.

Eccles 7

Q How did Adam transgress Gods Law?

Gen 3.6,

A By eating the forbidden fruit.

Q Did all mankind sin in Adam?

1 Cor. 15

A In Adam all sinned; he being the Root of all mankind.

21, 22

Rom.

5. 12

Q What Punishment is due for mans Sin?

Acts 17

26.

A All temporal & eternal miseries.

Gen 2. 17

Q Is there no way for man to escape this Punishment?

Rom 6

21 Mat.

A Yes, For God so loved the world that he gave his onely Begotten Son, that whosoever Believeth in him, should not perissh, but have everlasting Life.

25. 40

Joh. 3. 16

Q Who is that onely Begotten Son of God?

A Jesus Christ who was born of the Virgin Mary.

Math 1  
18. Luk

Q What manner of Person was Jesus Christ?

1. 35

A He was God and Man, both in one Person.

Rom 9. 5

1 Tim

Q How came Christ to be mans Saviour?

3. 16

A By taking on him mans nature, and being made a curse for us, that he might redeem us from the curse of the Law.

Heb. 2

16

Gal. 3. 13

Q

## A Short and Plain

*Q How was Christ made a curse for us?*

Math. 27 *A* By suffering the paines of Death  
35, 36 in his Body, being crucified; and  
Ila 53.10 enduring the wrath of God on his Soul.

Math. 26 *Q How does Christ execute the Office*  
38 *of a Redeemer?*

Heb. 2 *A* By being a Prophet, a Priest and  
17 Acts a King over his Church.

3. 22 *Q Why was Christ a Priest?*

Psal. 110. *A* To purchase Righteousness and  
1 Life Eternal for his Church.

30 Heb *Q Why was Christ a Prophet?*

5. 9 *A* To reveal the way to Life Eter;  
1 Cor. 1 nal unto his Church.

30 Luk *Q Why was Christ a King?*

4. 18 *A* That by his Power he might  
Psal 110 govern and preserve his Church, unto  
1, 2 the Possession of Life Eternal.

Acts 5. *Q Shall all mankind then be Saved?*

31. *A* No, onely such as Believe on the  
John 3. Lord Jesus shall be saved.

16. 36 *Q What is it to believe on the Lord*  
Acts 16. *Jesus Christ?*

30, 31 *A* To receive Jesus Christ for our  
Joh 1. 12 Lord and Saviour, trusting onely to  
Eph 1. 12 him for Salvation.

Psal 2. 12 *Q Is it in mans power to be-*  
lieve?

Eph 1. 19 *A*. No; FAITH is the Gift of  
God.

*Q How*



# C A T E C H I S M.

Q. How is Faith obtained?

A. Faith comes by hearing the Word of God. Rom. 10. 17

Q. What is the Word of God?

A. The Holy Scriptures of the Old and New Testament. 2 Tim. 3. 16

Q. Is the Word alone sufficient to bring Faith? 2 Pet. 1. 19, 20

A. No; not without the inward workings of the Spirit. Rom. 1. 16

Q. What are those workings of the Spirit? 2 Tim. 3. 15

A. The Spirit inwardly teacheth us to know the truth, and inclines us to embrace and believe the same. 1 Cor. 2. 12, 14

Q. Is nothing else required to Salvation but Faith? Eze. 31. 27

A. Saving Faith is always accompanied with true Repentance. Phil. 1. 18, 27

Q. What is true Repentance?

A. A Godly Sorrow for Sin, with an hatred of it, endeavouring to walk soberly, righteously and godly in all the ways of New Obedience. Mark. 1. 15. Ad. 5. 31. 17. 30

Q. What is the Rule of our New Obedience? 2 Cor. 11. 1. 2. 12

A. The perfect Law of God contained in the Ten Commandments. Heb. 8. Gal. 3. 12

Q. Where are those Commandments laid down?

A In

## A Short and Plain

Exod. 20. *A. In the Twentieth Chapter of Exodus.*

*Q. What is the Sum of the Ten Commandments?*

*A. To love the Lord our God with all our hearts, with all our Souls, with all our strength, with all our mind; and our Neighbour as our selves.*

*Q. Is any man able perfectly to keep the Commandments?*

*A. No; We all break them daily in thought, word, and deed.*

*Q. Who then shall be saved?*

*A. Such as believing in Christ, daily repent of their sin, and endeavour with their whole hearts to keep the Commandments.*

*Q. What means must be used for getting and encreasing grace to keep the Commandments?*

*A. We must Diligently attend upon God in his Ordinances.*

*Q. What Ordinances are those?*

*A. The Word, Sacraments and Prayer.*

*Q. What Diligence is required about the Word?*

*A. Diligent hearing, reading and meditating of the same.*

*Q. What are the Sacraments?*

*A. They*

# CATECHISM.

7

A. They are outward Signs, where  
by Christ and his Benefits are signified Gen. 17.  
and sealed. 7. 10

Q. How many are there?

Rom 4.

A. Two, Baptism and the Lords  
Supper.

Q. What is the outward Sign of Bap-  
tism?

A. Washing with Water, in the  
Name of the Father, Son, and Holy Mat. 28  
Ghost. 19.

Q. What is the thing signified?

A. Remission of Sins by Christs Mat. 1.  
Blood, and Sanctification by his Spirit. 21. Acts

Q. What are the Outward Signs of  
the Lords Supper? Eph. 5. 26

A. Bread and Wine, which being  
Broken, Given and Poured forth; the Math. 26  
Believer must take, eat and drink. 26, 27.

Q. What do these signify?

1 Cor. 11

A. The Body and Blood of Christ, 24  
for the spiritual growth and nourish- 1 Cor. 10  
ment of Believers. 16

1 Cor. 11

Q. What is Prayer?

24

A. Prayer is the making known of Phil. 4. 6  
Requests to God in the Name of Joh. 16  
Christ, with confession of our sins, 26  
Thanksgiving for his mercies. 1 Joh. 1. 9

Q. What pattern have we to pray by?

A. The Lords Prayer Contained Mat. 16  
9, 10, 11,  
12, 13;  
in

## A Short and Plain Ex.

in the Vbb of Matthew, IX, X, XI,  
XII, and XIIIth. Verses.

Q. Shall men dye?

Heb. 9, 1 A. It is appointed to all men once  
27 to dye.

Q. What follows Death?

Heb 9 A. After Death comes Judgment.

27. Q. By whom shall men be Judged?

A. We must all appear before the  
2 Cor 5 Judgment Seat of Christ.

10. Acts Q. How can the Dead be Judged?

10 42 A. There shall be a Resurrection  
Acts 14 of the Dead, both of the Just and  
19. Unjust.

John 5. Q. How will Christ Judge men?

28, 29. A. In Righteousness according to  
Acts 17. their Deeds.

31. Q. What shall be the Judgment of the  
2. Cor 5 Wicked?

10 A. The Wicked shall be punished  
Math 25 with Everlasting Fire.

46 Mark Q. What shall become of the Righteous?

9 43, 44 A. The Righteous shall enter into  
Mat. 25 Life Eternal.

34, 46 F I N I S

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